**Listening**

**Cambridge IELTS 54**

**Test 4**

***Section 3***

**dicerning** //  
[adj.] (*approving*) able to show good judgement about the quality of sb/sth.  
The discerning customer will recognise this as a high quallity product.

**cater for sb/sth**  
(*phrasal verb*) to provide the things that a particular person or situation needs or wants.

**Cambridge IELTS 5**

**Test 1**

***Section 1***

**reptile**  
[n.] 爬行动物

***Sectioin 2***

**cot** //  
[n.] a small bed with high side for a baby or a child

**minus**  
[adj.] make something seem nagative and less attractive or good  
on the minus side : 不足之处

**niggle**  
[n.] a small critism or complaint.  
My only niggle is that they should have told me sooner.

**rust**  
[n.] a reddish-brown substance that is formed on some metals by the action of water and air.  
[vt.]

**toddler**[n.] a child who has only recently learnt to walk.

***Section 3***

**prospectus**  
[n.] a book or a printed document that gives information about a school, college, etc. in order to advise it.

***Section 4***

**pretension**  
[C. usually plural] the act of trying to appear more important, intelligent, etc. than you are in order to impress people.  
intellectual pretensions  
He spoke without pretension.

**Test 2**

***Section 1***

**booklet**  
[n.] a small thin book with a paper cover that contains information abou a particular subject

**nominal**  
[adj.] (of a sum of money) very small and much less that the normal cost or change.  
We only pay a nominal rent.  
We make a nominal charge of $1 thereafter.

***Section 2***

**overheads**[n.] (plural) regualr costs that you have when you are running a business or an organisation

**consignment**  
[n. C.] a quantity of goods that are sent or delievered somewhere  
a consignment of mecicines

**Test 3**

***Section 1***

**automatic**  
[adj.]  
[n.] (BrE) a car with a system of gears that operates without direct action of the driver.

*I’d like credit provided the* ***terms*** *are reasonable.*  (Q4)  
**terms**  
[n. plural] conditions that you agree to when you buy, sell or pay for something; a price or cost.  
to buy sth on easy terms.  
My terms are £20 a lesson.

**part exchange**: 置换

***Section 2***

**sip**[n.] a very small amount of drink that you take into your mouth  
take a sip of coffee

**refree**  
1. [n.] the official who controls the game in some sports  
2. [n.] (British English) people who gives information about your character and ability, usualy in a letter, for example.

**liaise**   
[vi.] to act as a link between tow or more people or groups.  
Her job is to liaise between students and teachers.

**norm**  
[n.] (*often* **the norm**) (*sigular*) a situation or pattern that is usual or expected.  
Indenpent learning is the norm.

**exceed**  
[vt.] to be greater than a particular number or amount.  
demand exceeds supply (供大于求)

***Section 4***

**incinerate**[vt.] (formal)to burn something until is completely destroyed.  **incineration** //  
[n. U.]   
incineration plants

**baling** (derived from ‘**bale**’)  
baling into loads

**filtration**  
[n.] the process of filtering liquid or gas.  
water filtration.

**soil conditioner**something to make soil soft

**vend**  
[vt.] (*formal*)to sell sth.

**polystyrene** //  
[n. U.] a very light soft plastic that is usually white. (聚苯乙烯)

**Test 4**

***Section 2***

**session**  
[n. C.] a period of time that is spent doing a particular activity.  
She has a weekly session at the health club on Saturdays.

**clubhouse** NOT ~~club house~~

***Section 3***

**intrinsic** //  
[adj.] belongint to or part of the real nature of sth/sb.  
the intrinsic value of education.

**a foregone conclusion** (*idiom*)  
if you say that something is a foregone couclusion, you mean that it is result that is certain to happen.  
The outcome of vote is a foregone conclusion.

***Section 4***

**muddle**  
[vt.] to confuse sb  
The road sign muddleed people.

**phase sth out** (*phrasal verb*)  
to stop using something gradually in stages over a period of time.  
Subsidies to farmers will be phased out by next year.

**outset**   
at/from the **outset** of something (*idiom*)  
= at / from the beginning of something.  
Your tutors will tell at the outset how to set out the chapters.

**Cambridge IELTS 6**

**Test 1**

***Section 1***

**foyer** (BrE)**/****/** (AmE.) **/****/** (*synonym*  **lobby**)  
[n.] a large open space inside the entrance of a theatre or hotel where people can meet can wait.

**premises** //  
[n.] (plural) the building and land near to it that a business uses or owns.  
business / commercial / industrial premises.

**auditorium** //  
[n.] the part of a theatre, concert hall, etc in which the audience sits.

**stuffy**  
[adj.] (of a building, room, etc.) warm in an unpleasant way and without enough air.  
a stuffy auditorium of a theatre.

***Section 2***

**refectory**[n.] a large room in which meals are served, especially in a religious institution and in some schools and colleges in Britain.

**nursery**  NOT nursary

**provided**  (*synonym* **if**)  
[conjunction] used to say what mush happen or be done to make it possible for something else to happen.

Provided you warn the refectory in advance, it won’t be a problem.

**marsh**  
[C.] an area of low land that is always soft and wet because there is nowhere for the water to flow away to.   
沼泽；湿地.